

# A small numerical analysis library in Common Lisp

Gene Michael Stover

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## 1 What is this?

*fixme: As of 2007 January 6, this is unfinished. In fact, it's just started. It's an experimental work in progress.*

This is a small library to approximate perform some “numerical analysis” calculations, which include:

- interpolating polynomials over one variable &
- approximating numerical solutions to linear systems.

This library is small & provides a few specific features which I needed for a special case<sup>1</sup>. It is probably most useful if you have an application in which you need only a few types of numerical analysis operations & your data sets aren't

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<sup>1</sup>The special case happened to be graphically rendering virtual worlds.

large. For more demanding numerical analysis needs, look at the “mathematics” entry at `CLiki` the common lisp wiki.

## 2 License

The library is licensed according to the Gnu Lesser General Public License. [2]  
The text of that agreement is at <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/licenses.html#LGPL>.

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## 3 Examples of use

Most (all?) of the algorithms in the library are from *Numerical Analysis* by Burden & Faires. [1]

## 4 Obtaining

- `matrix.lisp`
- `numerical-analysis.lisp`
- `loadall.lisp`
- my Lisp unit test framework [3]

## 5 How to use it

1. Download the source file from <http://cybertiggyr.com/gene/big/bigo.lisp>.  
(Also, that file is in Appendix ??.)
2. You might want `loadall.lisp`.<sup>2</sup>
3. Youw will need `test.lisp` from My Lisp Unit Test Framework [3].
4. Load `test.lisp` into your Lisp. Then load `bigo.lisp` into your Lisp.  
A file called `loadall.lisp`, in Appendix ??, is an example of this.
5. Obtain your performance measurements. They must be in the form of a list of two-list elements. Each two-list element consists of a `FIRST` which is the size of the input & a `SECOND` which is the cost. The cost can be number of times some function was called, the amount of wall-time required for your function to run, the amount of memory it used, or whatever else you want to measure. Let’s assume that you bound your measurements to a global variable called `*MEASUREMENT*`.

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<sup>2</sup>Yep, it would be nice if I made an `ASDF` file for it.

6. `(in-package "COM.CYBERTIGGYR.BIGO")`
7. `(bigo *measurement*)`
8. The string you get in return will be the Big-O cost for the function you measured. The string is formatted for  $\text{\LaTeX}$ .

## A Other File Formats

- This document is available in multi-file HTML format at <http://cybertiggyr.com/gene/linear/>.
- This document is available in Pointless Document Format (PDF) at <http://cybertiggyr.com/gene/linear/linear.pdf>.

## References

- [1] Richard L. Burden J. Douglass Faires. *Numerical Analysis*. PWS-KENT Publishing Company, fourth edition, 1989. ISBN 0-53491-585-X.
- [2] Free Software Foundation. Lesser general public license. world wide web. <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/licenses.html#LGPL>.
- [3] Gene Michael Stover. My lisp unit test framework. *cybertiggyr.com/gene*, June 2005. <http://cybertiggyr.com/gene/lut/>.